Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.] FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1806. [No. 1494.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,
10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

RUM

In hhds, and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kerseymeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Russels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Nov. 12.

Fo Freight or Charter

To Europe or the West-Indies,

THE BRIG
EQUATOR,
Henry Moore, Master;

Burthen 230 hhds. For terms apply to the master on board, or to

HUGH SMITH.

Dec. 16. d

FOR SALE,

On moderate Terms,

The SHIP
HETTY,

Just arrived from Liverpool, and laying at Col. Ramsay's wharf. Her inventory may be seen and description of the Ship made known, on application to Captain Russel, on board or to

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

If said ship is not sold in ten or fifteen days, she will be for freight or charter to any port in Europe.

R. N. & Co.

January 1. d

For Sale or Freight,

The Schooner

BETSEY,

Burthen eight hundred barrels; *Was built in eighteen hundred and two*—And is without exception the best Schr. belonging to the port—*for terms apply to*

Benjamin Shreve, *jun.*

Dec 4 tf.

HENRY K. MAY

Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from New-Castle, and offers for Sale, if immediately applied for;

80 casks Red Lead,
38 casks Patent Shot,
18 casks Ingot Lead and
36 sheets Milled do.

December 18. d

Lost, on Monday last, a pair of OLD SADDLE-BAGS, containing some Sugar and several other articles. The finder will oblige the owner by delivering them to the Printer, who will pay a suitable reward.

January 8. d3t

JUST RECEIVED,

9 *boxes—containing*

500 pieces Platillas,
500 do. Britannias,

Entitled to drawback on exportation.

ALSO,

30 bbls and 5 hhds New Rum;

For Sale, by

John G. Ladd.

December 13.

20 Pipes very choice Madeira Wine,

Imported in the Brig Active, from St. Bartholomews, and for sale by

R. Veitch & Co.

December 21. tf

N. B. This Wine has lain a considerable time with West-Indies.

Liverpool Salt—Afloat.

200 hhds. coarse Liverpool SALT,
On board the schooner Favourite at Lawrason's wharf, and for sale by

Lawrason & Fowle;

Who have also received by said schooner from Boston,

50 bbls. New England Rum,
6 hhds. Molasses,
90 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles,
20 do. Fresh Chocolate,
20 casks fresh Raisins,
20 do. Best Havanna Segars,
6 bales Burboon Gunnahs,
30 bolts First Quality Russia Duck,
6000 lbs. Sheet Lead.

ON HAND,

30 chests Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas,
100 bolts heavy Raven's Duck, superior in quality to English,
20 do. light Ravens,
40 barrels Turpentine.

A QUANTITY OF
Baltimore Bellona GUN-POWDER.

December 28. d

15 hogsheads } Prime retailing Molasses.
12 tierces }
70 puncheons high proof Jamaica Rum
8 butts Muscat Wine
4 half butts Constantia do.
4 pipes fine old Brazil Madeira
12 boxes French Prunes
10 hogsheads } New-England Rum
15 barrels }
50 barrels Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey
6 casks refined British Salt-Petre
3 tierces Allum
50 boxes Mould and Dipt Candles
10 boxes Chocolate

Just received, and for sale, for cash or on the usual credits.

Mandeville & Jamesson.

December 21. d

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under the firm of *Joseph Riddle & Co.* of Alexandria, was dissolved the first instant, by mutual consent: All persons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the same, are requested to come forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the concern as soon as possible. Those whose accounts are of long standing are particularly requested to attend to this notice, and make payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,
Of Alexandria.
JAMES DALL,
Of Baltimore.

September 18. tf

JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other ships lately arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part of his

FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his store in Fairfax street, and daily expects an additional supply in the United States from Liverpool.

September 23. d

New Brewery.

Isaac Entwisle and Co.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, they have commenced Brewing, and will have BEER ready for delivery in a few days, which he hopes will please such as use it.

He will give the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices for good clean Barley.

Grain and Yeast may be had at the Brewery.

December 20. d1m

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria,

THAT an election will be held at the Court House in this town on the third Monday in January next, for the purpose of choosing a directors of said Bank for the ensuing year agreeably to charter.

Gurden Chapin, *Cashr.*

Dec. 16 ec4w.

Mr. Davis of Richmond, Mr. Green of Fredericksburg, and Mr. Bowen of Winchester, will please insert the above four weeks in their respective news papers.

Printing, in its various branches, handsomely executed at this office.

Mandeville and Jamesson,

OFFER FOR SALE,

For Cash, Produce, or on the usual Credit;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

LIQUORS & GROCERIES,

Consisting of

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities.

Philadelphia and Alexandria Loaf and Lump ditto.

Jamaica, } In hhds. &c.
St. Vincents, and }
N. E. Rum, }

Old Jamaica Spirits, for family use,
Peach and Apple-Brandy,
Cognac and Bourdeaux do.
Holland and Country Geneva,
70 barrels strong and fine flavored Rye Whiskey.

Madeira, } WINES.
Sherry, }
Old Port, }
Lisbon, }
Malaga, and }
Teneriffe }

40 cases St. Estaph Medoc Claret,
1 butt old 4th proof Irish Whiskey,
100 cases West Schiedam Gin.
A few hogsheads of choice Molasses,
Tennessee and Georgia Cotton.

Gunpowder, }
Imperial, }
Hyson, }
Young Hyson, } TEAS,
Souchong, } Very carefully selected from the best cargoes for country trade and family use.
Hyson-skin, and }
Bohea }

Green Coffee, Chocolate, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Mustard, Rappee and Scotch Snuff.

SPICES—Pimento, Pepper, Cloves, Cassia, Nutmegs and Mace.

Ginger, race and ground.

Flutant and Orleans Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Allum and Brimstone.

Patent Shot, assorted, from BB to No. 9.

Bar Lead, Hunter's Pipes, Bees Wax, Wrapping Paper, Demijohns, Refined Salt Petre, Chalk,

Mould and Dipt Candles.

British Gunpowder of various qualities from *F* to treble battle.

October 18.

NOTICE.

THE Stock-Holders in the Marine Insurance Company, of Alexandria, are informed that an election for fifteen Directors to manage the affairs of the said Company for the year ensuing, will be held at the court house, in Alexandria, the 15th of next month.

By order of the Directors,

Wm. Hartshorne, President.

12th mo. 24.

☞ Mr. Green, Fredericksburg; Mr. Davis, Richmond; Mr. Bowen, Winchester; are requested to insert the above two weeks in the respective papers. 1

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, at the house of John Gadsby, in the town of Alexandria, December the 4th, 1805—

Ordered, That the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company do. and they are hereby required to pay to the Treasurer of said Company ten dollars on each share by them respectively subscribed, on the first day of February, 1806—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of May—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of July—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of September—and the further sum of ten dollars on each of their shares, on the first day of November next ensuing the date hereof.

Jonah Thompson, *Treasurer.*

December 13. d11tFeb

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE,

Two boxes Irish Linen—*real Coleraines.*

50 barrels prime Pork.

WM. HODGSON.

November 28. d

Bills on Philadelphia,

At short sight,

In sums to suit purchasers, may be had if immediate application is made to

Lawrason & Fowle.

December 5.

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, *on King-street, has in addition to his former stock, added*

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,

Gunpowder, }
Imperial, }
Hyson, } TEAS,
Young Hyson, } particularly selected for
Hyson-Skin, and } family use,
Souchong }

Best Green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality.

Madeira, }
Rusellas, }
Sherry, }
Lisbon, } WINES.
Teneriffe, }
Malaga, and }
Genuine Old Port }

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New-England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whiskey,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Pimenot Cayenne and Black Pepper, Race and Ground Ginger, Basket Salt for table use, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and Spermaceti Candles; Refined Salt Petre, Flotant Indigo, Allum, Copperas, Madder, Brimstone, Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot, all sizes, best English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars, and Smoaking Tobacco, very best Chewing Tobacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, Wrapping Paper, Demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been selected with care and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms.

December 16. d

TUNIS CRAVEN,

Has received by the late arrivals an elegant assortment of

GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

London superfine Cloths and Cassimeres,
Bennett's patent Cords,
Do. Waistcoatings,
Silks, Moleskins, Florentines,
Imperial, clouded and white Marseilles,
Toilinetts, Swandowns,
Flannels, rose Blankets,
Coatings, Plains,
Kerseys, Halfthicks,
Lamb's Wool, Worsted, Cotton and Silk Hosiery,
Irish & Flanders Sheetings,
4 4 7/8 Irish Linens,
Shirting Cotton,
Long Lawns,
Linen Cambricks,
Dimities, Cambrick do.
Corded Cambricks,
Lace do.
Rich Colonade and figured India Muslins
India and British Book do.
Lace Caps & Handkerchiefs,
Extra Silk Gloves,
Pic Nic Mitts.
Silk Cord and Buttons,
Cambrick Buttons,
Artificial Flowers and Wreaths,
Ostrich Feathers,
Italian Mantaus,
Fine India Persians,
Baftas, Mamoodies,
Dowlats, Ticklenburg,
Osnaburgs, Brown rolls
&c. &c.

☞ *He daily expects an additional assortment of* FALL GOODS.

Oct. 22. dtf

TUNIS CRAVEN,

HAS FOR SALE

Best Havanna SEGARS in boxes,
And a few Puncheons
NEW-ENGLAND RUM.

November 13. d

TEN DOLLARS *Reward.*

Left the Little River turnpike road, about the 10th of September last,

A Negro Man named *JACOB*, belonging to the heirs of THOMAS MASON, deceased. He is about 50 years of age, well made, about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark complection, his head tolerably grey. Whoever takes up said Negro and delivers him to me or one of the overseers on the turnpike road, near Alexandria, shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges, by

JOSEPH POWELL, Agent
for the Little River Turnpike Company.

October 23. dtf

CALENDAR,

For the Year 1806.

	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
January,				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
February,							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	
March,							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
April,			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30			
May,					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
June,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30					
July,			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
August,						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
September,		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30				
October,				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
November,							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30						
December,		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			

1807.

January,					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
February,	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28

REMARKABLE JURY.

The Rev. Mr. Brome, in his travels over England, page 279, gives us the following list of a jury impanelled in Suffex during the great rebellion. It was cuſtomary in thoſe times to give quaint Chriſtian names to children, as for inſtance, *Praiſe God, Barebone*, &c. The Jury's names are as follow: *Accepted* Traver, of Horſham; *Redeemed* Compton, of Battle; *Faint-not*, Hewet, of Heathfield; *Make-peace* Heaton, of Hare; *God-reward* Smart, of Fivehurſt: *Stand-faſt-on-high* Stringer, of Cowhurſt; *Earth* Adams, of Wortbleton; *Called* Lower, of the ſame; *Fight-the-good-fight-of-faith* White, of Ewer; *More Fruit* Fowler, of Eaſt Hadley; *Hope-for* Bending, of the ſame; *Grave-ſid* Harding, of Lewes; *Weep-not* Billings, of the ſame; and *Meek* Brewer, of Oakham.

FIRST QUALITY APPLES.

Juſt received and for Sale,
Some excellent Apples,
900 buſhels Potatoes,
A quantity of Cheeſe,
AND
A general aſſortment of Groceries.
Thomas Simms.

January 7. 3t*

Foreign Intelligence.

LONDON, Nov. 1.

Notwithstanding the details of the great battle of the Danube, have not yet arrived and the accounts received are evidently much confused, no doubt is entertained of the melancholy fact, that the force lately under the command of general Mack, is as an army totally destroyed——The advices which government have received upon the subject remove all doubts as to the main fact of the dreadful disaster.——The most serious of the conflicts took place on the 17th, 18th, and 19th ult: and on the twentieth general Mack, completely defeated, consented to a capitulation.——The number of slain, as we have already stated was immense on both sides; and the Austrians who surrendered themselves prisoner amounted to 25,000. The corps under the command of the archduke Ferdinand, which effected its escape from Ulm on the 17th, retreated in two divisions, and having gained the left bank of the Danube, cut off the communication with France, as slightly hinted in the Moniteur of the twenty second, and hence no doubt was occasioned the delay of the official accounts from the Grand army. Subsequent advices state that the enemy pursued the archduke Ferdinand, whose division consisted of twelve thousand men, so very closely, that they were soon enabled to come up with and defeat his highness with great slaughter.——This latter statement is contained in one of the last letters received from Holland. The success of the enemy we hope will prove to be greatly exaggerated, but upon no rational ground can we entertain a hope, that the Austrians have not experienced a most dreadful disaster. In this afflicting state of things, little consolation is to be derived from seeking on whom, or on what the blame of the disaster ought to be thrown; whether it should fall upon the precipitation of the cabinet of Vienna,—— which led to the commencement of hostilities before adequate means were prepared and collected; on the tardy advance of the Russians whose arrival is a full month behind the time it was expected; on the mismanagement of general Mack; or the negligence of the Prussia, for if that sovereign had provided a force sufficient to maintain the neutrality of his territory of Anspach, the Austrian army could never have been surrounded in such a manner by a force so superior, as to render its destruction inevitable. These inquiries may be interesting to future historians, who will have to record the fatal events of a time too full of menacing danger to allow those who live in it, to turn their thoughts from the means of averting them, for the purpose of seeking how they have been bro't about.

It is very painful to see so large a portion of the force which was destined to stop the torrent of devastation, or to turn it back to its source, overwhelmed by the flood; but the mischief is still, we trust, not wholly without a remedy. It is certainly more difficult to replace an army the very name of which is annihilated, than reinforce one, however reduced. But the vast resources of the Austrian states must be adequate to more than the reparation that is now called for. That vast difference that is to be observed, between the numbers said to be killed and taken, even in the exaggerated statements of the enemy, and the force commanded by general Mack at the commencement of the contest, leave room to hope, that many small bodies have effected their escape, whose reunion will yet form a considerable portion of a new army. It is besides ascertained that the Russian army now joined with the Austrian column under general Kienmayer, on the Inn, amount together to little short of 100,000 men. It is to be hoped, that the importance of striking an immediate blow will be felt by the commanders of this force; and the French column opposed to it is very much inferior, even with every reinforcement that can be supposed to have reached it, the result of a spirited and determined attack could hardly fail to be successful and decisive. Even the disasters that have happened, great as they are, will not discourage us from hoping, that the judicious direction and vigorous exertions of this combined army may be sufficient to turn the current of success, or at least to stem its violence, and retard its progress, till the fresh efforts and new resources of the Austrian monarchy are brought up to restore the natural and expected preponderancy of the allied arms.

We trust also, that the next advices will realize and confirm the sanguine hopes entertained from the known talents of the archduke Charles, and the bravery and devotion of the army under him. Any considerable advantage gained either by this army, or by the united force of the allied emperors upon the Inn, would serve greatly to counterbalance the success gained by the French in Suabia, and to check the alarming progress they have made. We trust and hope too, that the king of Prussia, alive to the feelings of insulted dignity, and satisfied that Bonaparte looks upon him with an evil eye, regarding him only as the reserved victim of his scarcely dissembled rage, will have seen the importance of the present moment, and that his armies have advanced towards the scene of action, in that respectable force in which it becomes a great and offended sovereign, to put forth a power he is known to possess.

These are the grounds upon which the hopes of Europe now rest. We do not dissemble that even now they appear to leave room for apprehension. The king of Prussia's overtures to our court are said to have been conditional. The conditions were to be adjusted by lord Harrowby.—The detention of his lordship by contrary winds at Harwich, and the successes that have attended the French arms, may influence the cold and calculating policy of the court of Berlin to adopt a resolution unfavorable to our views, we hope the king of Prussia will not be so lost to all principle, all shame, all rational views of his own interest. But we cannot even now exclude from our consideration, the possibility of having ourselves once more, and that speedily, to contend against the whole force of the Corsican, flushed with success, and inflamed with all the rage of retarded vengeance. If such should be our lot, we know how it becomes Britons to act. We will do our duty, and trust to Heaven for the rest.

Captain Johnston of the ship Venus, arrived at Grimsby from Toningen, reported on his arrival, that previous to his departure from Toningen it was stated that the Prussian army had been united to that of Russia which had marched and joined that of the Austrians; that the three armies combined had completely surrounded those of France, over whom they obtained a victory, and after retaking Ulm, pursued the enemy with every prospect of further success.

This report, improbable and extravagant as it is, was considered at Hull to be of such great consequence, that captain Johnson, who is a man of approved character, was called upon to appear before the mayor of that town, and swear to the report, as it prevailed at Toningen. He immediately did so, and his affidavit was yesterday morning received in town, from the collector of the customs at Hull, by a gentleman of the custom-house at London. For a short time it became the topic of conversation in the city; but so very improbable a statement obtained no credit whatever in any of the well informed circles.

By the Gottenburg mail of yesterday, we find that the Russian and Swedish armies did not march from Stralsund till the 16th ult. and we are sorry to say, there is no certainty of any Prussian army having yet marched to co-operate with the allies. The united Russian and Swedish armies are said to be destined for Hanover, where, in all probability, they are intended to be joined by the British troops now embarked at Ramsgate and Deal. It was yesterday understood, that the expedition would sail the first fair wind; that the duke of York will shortly follow to take the chief command; and that the duke of Kent will command the cavalry. The troops embarked are under the immediate orders of generals Don, Moore, and Page.

The letters from Petersburg state, that the most active exertions are making to carry on the war with vigor, and that the military force is daily augmented by the arrival of recruits from the provinces.

The fine frigate l'Amphitrite is ordered to be surveyed and repaired. Her cabin is considered as a curious piece of workmanship, being fitted purposely for the accommodation of the royal family of Spain, to take an excursion to sea for the benefit of their health. She mounted when captured by the Donnegal, fifty-two guns and fought near an hour longer than our brave tars expected. Her captain, an Irishman, was killed a little time before she struck.

The hurricane of last Friday was so tremendous and came in such sudden squals and flits of wind, that (says a letter from Plymouth) many persons were carried off their legs. A centinel just relieved in the dock-yard, near the open dyke of the new mast pond, about three A. M. was literally blown off with his great coat and musket into the Tamar, and was drowned, before any person or boat could go to his assistance as the tide ran twelve knots in one hour.

November 16.

Dispatches have just been received from admiral Collingwood.

The following was transmitted by the Lord Mayor to Lloyd's Coffee House.

Admiralty office, Nov. 15, 1805.

By a dispatch received this evening from Vice Admiral Collingwood, via Lisbon, dated off Cadiz the 28th ult. it appears that owing to the violence of the wind, he has not succeeded in bringing off any of the prizes made in the action of the 21st. He expressed his hope that by the following day he should complete the destruction of the whole, except the Santa Anna, which was towed into Cadiz by a frigate. It further appears, that when admiral Gravina put to sea again, in order to protect the disabled ships, the Prince of Austurias his flag ship, and the Rayo, another 3 decker, were dismasted, and the latter fell into our hands. The number killed and wounded in his M. ships, from which returns were received was much smaller than had been apprehended. Their names will be published in the Gazettee of to-morrow evening.

(Signed) J. SHAW, *Mayor.*

The French talk of being at Vienna the middle of Nov.

The expedition which lately sailed from the Downs was seen off the Texel on the 10th instant on its way to the place of destination.

It is said gen. St. Cyr, with the army which was in the Neopolitan States, is to join Massena, a convention for the neutrality of Naples being agreed to by France. This is not improbable; or at least it is not improbable that to strengthen Massena Naples should for the moment be evacuated.

November 11.

No intelligence has been received of the attempt which it was supposed was about to be made on the port of Boulogne. It seems generally believed, at any rate, that the troops which have sailed from the Downs are gone northward, and are not to be employed in any attack on the French coast. They are gone to join the Russians and Swedes in the north.

The duke of York, it is said, does not go till March.

November 14.

Mr. Ruffe, the messenger, arrived in town on Monday from the Elbe. Cuxhaven is open. Lord Harrowby and suite landed there on the 7th. The expedition from the Downs, under general Don, was daily expected.

November 15.

The intelligence from Vienna, reaches to the 30th. At that time not only were the disastrous events in Suabia, known, but Gen. Mack had arrived there. He was not at first allowed to enter the town, for fear, it is said, the populace had torn him in pieces. He has been transferred as a prisoner to Brun, where he is to be tried by a court martial.

It is stated that Bonaparte sent offers of peace both by General Mack, and through the Archduke Ferdinand, which, however, the Court of Vienna shewed no disposition to accept. Bonaparte will reiterate these offers, and will derive great advantage from them. Talleyrand has arrived at Munich, to give his aid, should any negociation be undertaken.

November 23.

General Dumourier sets out immediately for the continent, where, it is said, he is to be employed in a military capacity; but in what service, or under what power, we have not been informed.

It is in the hour of peril that a great nation assumes the most imposing attitude—it is then that she puts forth her whole strength and resources—that every nerve and fibre of her frame is called into action—that, actuated by one heart and soul, and throwing off the low, little, selfish passions that debase and degrade our nature, her aspect and attitude have in them something more than mortal. Such a picture does Austria present to us at the present moment; unsubdued by disasters, undismayed by the dangers and difficulties of her situation, her spirit rises with the necessity for increased vigor and exertion. Not meanly suspecting that the loyalty of her people would be shaken, or their spirits sunk by the reverses, she has not concealed the magnitude and extent of the late disasters; she avows them manfully, she confesses that they are heavy and afflicting, but, sure of the support of her brave subjects, she feels also that they are neither overwhelming nor decisive. With pride and pleasure we refer our readers to the emperor's proclamation issued at Vienna on the 28th ult. immediately after the surrender of general Mack and his army was known. A composition of more true dignity and firmness; of more genuine patriotism, energy, and eloquence, we have never seen; it is in every respect worthy of the sovereign of such a nation as Austria. Never were the views and designs of Bonaparte depicted in more

November 16.

…atches have just been received …
…d Collingwood.
…following was transmitted by …
…Mayor to Lloyd's Coffee Hous…
Admiralty office, Nov. 15, 18…
…dispatch received this evening …
…Admiral Collingwood, via L…
…off Cadiz the 28th ult. it appears …
…to the violence of the wind, h…
…ceeded in bringing off any o…
…made in the action of the 21st.
…ed his hope that by the follo…
…should complete the destructio…
…ble, except the Santa Anna, w…
…ved into Cadiz by a frigate, …
…pears, that when admiral Gra…
…sea again, in order to protec…
…d ships, the Prince of Austu…
…ship, and the Rayo, another 8…
…e dismasted, and the latter fell …
…ds. The number killed and wo…
…his M. ships, from which re…
…ceived was much smaller than …
…pprehended. Their names w…
…ed in the Gazettee of to-morro…

(Signed) J. SHAW, *Mayor*

French talk of being at Vienna …
…ddle of Nov.
…expedition which lately sailed f…
…ws was seen off the Texel on …
…stant on its way to the place of …
…
…said gen. St. Cyr, with the g…
…was in the Neapolitan States, a…
…assena, a convention for the neu…
…Naples being agreed to by Fran…
…not improbable; or at least it is …
…able that to strengthen Ma…
…should for the moment be evac…

November 11.

…ntelligence has been received of …
…which it was supposed was …
…ade on the port of Boulogne.
…generally believed, at any rate, …
…ops which have sailed from …
…are gone northward, and are no…
…loyed in any attack on the Fre…
…They are gone to join the Russ…
…edes in the north.
…duke of York, it is said, doct…
…March.

November 14.

…Ruffe, the messenger, arrived in tow…
…from the Elbe. Cuxhaven is ope…
…arrow by and suite landed there o…
…he expedition from the Downs, a…
…Don, was daily expected.

November 15.

…ntelligence from Vienna, reaches t…
…t that time not only were the dista…
…n Suabia, known, but Gen. Mack …
…here. He was not at first allowe…
…e town, for fear, it is said, the popu…
…him in pieces. He has been tran…
…prisoner to Brun, where he is to be …
…court-martial.
…lated that Bonaparte sent offers of p…
…General Mack, and through the A…
…rdinand, which, however, the Cou…
…shewed no disposition to accept. …
…ll reiterate these offers, and will ow…
…vantage from them. Talleyrand ha…
…Munich, to give his aid, should …
…ion be undertaken.

November 23.

…el Dumourier sets out immediately …
…inent, where, it is said, he is to be…
…n a military capacity; but in what …
…under what power, we have not b…
…
…in the hour of peril that a great …
…sumes the most imposing attit…
…hen that she puts forth her wh…
…h and resources—that every ne…
…e of her frame is called into acti…
…ctuated by one heart and soul, …
…g off the low, little, selfish pass…
…buse and degrade our nature, …
…and attitude have in them somet…
…an mortal. Such a picture a…
…present to us at the present …
…unsubdued by disasters, undis…
…he dangers and difficulties of …
…n, her spirit rises with the nec…
…increased vigor and exertion. …
…suspecting that the loyalty of …
…would be shaken, or their sp…
…the reverses, she has not conce…
…gnitude and extent of the late di…
…he avows them manfully, she f…
…hat they are heavy and afflict…
…re of the support of her brave …
…he feels also that they are ne…
…elming nor decisive. With p…
…asure we refer our readers to …
…r's proclamation issued at Vie…
…28th ult. immediately after the …
…of general Mack and his army …
…A composition of more true …
…d firmness; of more genuine …
…, energy, and eloquence, we ha…
…een; it is in every respect w…
…he sovereign of such a nation …
…Never were the views and …
…Bonaparte depicted in mo…

…y glowing colours; never were there a stronger contrast drawn between usurped and ligitimate authority.

"Solely occupied with the desire of military glory; influenced by no passion but that of being recorded in history as a conqueror; respecting no principle that reminds him of the regard prescribed by the Law of Nations, or the respect due to independent States; totally careless of the general tranquility; absorbed in himself, and occupied only in the display of his own power;" was the character of Bonaparte ever more accurately drawn than in the words of the proclamation we have just quoted?

So strong an appeal to the gallantry and patriotism of the people, has produced all that the Emperor of Germany could have expected or desired. The young men of all classes have incorporated themselves to do garrison duty; the divisions of the Austrian regiments are filled with the utmost rapidity. Contributions of grain and forage, of every thing necessary for the army, are furnished with a pleasing alacrity and promptitude; the general Levy has been called for by the unanimous voice of the people; "All, all," say the Vienna letters, "are animated by patriotism and courage." Never was such enthusiasm displayed as at the present moment, nothing will be omitted, no sacrifice will be deemed too great, to rescue us from the greatest of all evils and curses, a French invasion.

Let us turn to the armies; avoiding all the measures which so powerfully contributed to the ruin of the fine army, which had the misfortune to be placed under the command of gen. Mack; the Austrian and Russian armies are falling back to give time for their resources to join them; we suppose they will take up a position on the Ens.——Mean while it is satisfactory to know that not only prince Ferdinand's division effected its escape from Ulm, but also another division which took the route of the Tyrol; the second and third Russian armies are advancing with great rapidity. It is said too that the archduke Charles is on his march from Italy with 50,000 men, who are to be replaced by Russians from Corfu. We shall be glad to find that the archduke has fallen back; such a measure appears to be imperiously called for by the position of the French army, and the obvious intention of Bonaparte, to place the Austrian army in Italy, between his own force and that under Massena. But it now appears, that the loss of the French in the different actions near Ulm, was between twenty and thirty thousand men. They lost many men in two actions, which the French Bulletins sunk altogether, the actions of the 11th and 14th. We now hear of them for the first time, though they appear to have been the most sanguinary ones that took place. Bonaparte's army was also under a great want of provisions, a want which is likely to become more pressing every day.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 10.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Norfolk to his friend in this town.

"By an arrival in 26 days from Bordeaux, we learn, that Bonaparte has entered Vienna and made prisoners of the Emperor of Germany and his family! This information is not doubted."

THE THIRD VICTORY.

Weekly Messenger Office, Monday, 11th November, 1 o'clock.

We just learn that an express had arrived at the Admiralty, with the important intelligence that Adm. Louis had fallen in with the Rochefort squadron, and that after a smart action, SIX MORE OF THE ENEMY'S SHIPS OF THE LINE STRUCK THEIR COLORS.

There is some foreign news in town, but it is not of a very prominent interest. Hanover is now restored to the King of Great Britain; the Emperor of Russia is arrived at Berlin, and the Prussian army is in perfect organization and upon full march. Bonaparte is still at Munich. It appears that the French have done nothing in Italy, and little, in comparison with their exaggerations, in Germany.

Things now look very promising on the continent. The attack upon Boulogne by Sir Sidney Smith, is to be made immediately.

COMMUNICATION.

MR. J. CLAY AND MR. RANDOLPH, OR GEN. EATON'S MEDAL.

It is very far from Mr. Clay's intentions to depreciate the merits of Mr. Eaton—but he cannot think the taking of Derne, with the assistance of about a dozen Americans, worthy of so high and honorable a reward as a gold medal!

We do not know for what reason this patriotic member of the committee should manifest a disposition to conceal, or rather to pervert facts with which he must be necessarily intimately acquainted, and probably from the highest authority.

The army of Hamet Bashaw, conducted by general Eaton at the taking of Derne on the 27th April, consisted of upwards of two thousand Moors and Arabs, one christian company of artillery, one company of *Greek infantry*, and *eleven Americans!* The United States brig Argus, the schooner Nautilus and sloop Hornet were also under his direction. Derne is a fortified city containing between twelve and fifteen thousand souls; it is the capital of the best province of Tripoli, and the eastern key of the kingdom. Gen Eaton held this important post, contemptible as Mr. Clay may deem his *dozen Americans*, forty five days, until it was negociated out of his hands; and in the meantime, totally defeated the enemy's army, between three and four thousand strong, which had been sent to resist his progress. And does any body pretend to deny, after it has been stated by Mr. Jefferson, that his enterprize gave peace to our country, and freedom to three hundred of our fellow citizens? Or is any body ignorant that in rendering his country these important services, he has rendered himself an invalid? Yet Mr. Clay can see no extraordinary merit in these atchievements and sufferings!

Is Mr. Clay unacquainted with the embarrassing or perplexing difficulties this American encountered and overcame in getting access to the ex-bashaw; in organizing his heterogeneous army; in conducting them fifty days through a desert which never before received the impression of a christian footstep; in planting the American standard in a land of tyrants; and in carrying with him wherever he moved, respect for the American name and character? Yet there is no extraordinary merit, in Mr. Clay's opinion, in such conduct! And Mr. J. Randolph can see nothing in all these transactions but a *scuffle* a mere scuffle with a *parcel of half naked barbarians* whom he undoubtedly could knock on the head with a foot glass! But Mr. Randolph's appeal to the sensibility of his country, through the nerve of their purse strings to the view of stifling their wish of rewarding their fellow citizens who has deserved well of them, is a wretched compliment to their understandings and to their gratitude. They know, however, that gen. Eaton's enterprise has unshackled their commerce, from a piratical and disastrous war; has saved millions of money in our treasury; and undoubtely, redeemed hundreds of our fellow citizens from death and from bondage—and they will not be prevailed on to feel that unusual acknowledgements are not due to such meritorious actions; nor that the merit is at all diminished because acquired by *about a dozen Americans!*

But if Mr. Randolph's zeal on this subject were excited solely by a pure concern for the national treasury, we believe we should see him more diligently at his post on other occasions where it may suffer. When the *wheels of government are stopped* by weeks an month to accommodate him on a party of pleasure, say, does the pay of congress and the agents of government stop also? Do not stuff us, Mr. Randolph. We see our money more prodigally drawn from the treasury than if drawn to reward persevering patriotism and long suffering merit.

But general Eaton, we are informed, is compiling a history of the war, and of our intercourse with Barbary; in which perhaps it will appear from documents, that if the United States are not now tributary, to the regencies of Tunis and Tripoli, it is to be ascribed to his vigilance, his fortitude, and his perseverance; and which may lead to some important discoveries concerning the agency of our commissioner of peace, Mr. Lear. If Mr. Randolph wishes to push the theme of blush working protests, he may perhaps excite a protest which will work up a blush in the cheek, even of *paleness* itself.

The citizens of the United States are not ignorant that if general Eaton's progress had not been arrested *in the full tide of successful experiment*, and his projects blasted within reach of his object, sixty-five thousand dollars of their property would not have been sacrificed to purchase national infamy by paying this sum (or by assenting to have paid it) to a *vanquished enemy!*

The facts being known and established, let the *scuffling* Mr. Randolph and the shuffling Mr. Clay express their sentiments of the conduct and merit of this deserving statesman and warrior as they please, and stint as they wish the tokens of our gratitude, he shall live in our bosoms, in our pride, in our honor, to immortality.

(United States Gazette.)

Proceedings of Congress

Taken for the "ALEXANDRIA DAILY ADVERTISER."

NINTH CONGRESS,
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, January 8.

Resolution respecting Wm. Eaton, Esq.

Mr. Bidwell from the committee to whom this business was recommitted again brought forward a resolution in form of a *vote of thanks*.

The present amendment consists of a vote of *thanks*, in lieu of the contemplated *medal*, and which is to William Eaton, Esq. and his brave associates—the words in other respects are nearly the same as the first resolution already given to the public.

Arming the militia.

General Varnum offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the committee appointed on that part of the president's message which respects the organization and classification of the militia, and the rules and regulations of the army, be instructed to consider whether any, and if any what measures are necessary to be taken to complete the arming of the militia.

"*Resolved*, That the Secretary of War lay before this house a statement of the number of fire arms, belonging to the United States and where the same are deposited."

Read twice.

Bonds of Marshals.

Mr. Tallmage brought in a bill for the regulation of bonds given by marshals for the due execution of the duties of their office.

The bill directs that the bonds so to be given shall be filed—and that it shall be lawful for the judge of the district to order penalties incurred to be put in force, and on judgement obtained thereon, there shall be a remedy by sci facias.

Referred to a committee of the whole house for Monday next, and to be printed.

Mr. J. C. Smith, from the committee of claims made a report on the petition of Nicklin and Griffith of Philadelphia, owners of the ship American.

The committee were of opinion, that the Register of said ship of which they had been deprived by means in their petition set forth, should be restored to the petitioners and they therefore

Report—

"That the petition is reasonable and ought to be granted."

Referred to a committee of the whole for Monday next;

Ordered to be printed.

Bill read, giving the consent of congress to the act of the state of South Carolina to collect and impose an additional duty on Tonnage on foreign bottoms at Charleston, so that such duty does not exceed six cents per ton.

Read a second time and referred to a committee of the whole house on Monday next;

Ordered to be printed.

Report of the committee of claims on the petition of Thomas Ketland, of Philadelphia, part owner of the ship Washington, was unfavorable to the petitioner.

The committee were of opinion that no drawback ought to be allowed, and therefore reported that the prayer of the petitioner ought not to be granted;

In which the house concurred.

PETITIONS.

Petition of the inhabitants of Occaquan, in Virginia, for a post office to be established in that town;

Referred to the committee of post offices and post roads.

Mr. Quincey presented the petition of Francis Amory of Boston, owner of the ship Astrea, damaged on her voyage from Batavia, so that the cargo was obliged to be taken out and shipped in a Swedish vessel, which had arrived at Boston, where the collector demands the duty on said cargo, to which foreign bottoms are subject. Against this charge the petitioner prays relief.

Referred to the committee of commerce and manufactures.

Petition of Stanley Griswold, secretary at Detroit, for an additional compensation.

The engrossed bill for the rules and regulations of the army, was read, and thereupon a debate arose.

The bill at length was referred upon the 89th article to a committee of the whole.

CLOSED DOORS.

Mr. J. Randolph again this day notified a secret communication. The doors were closed, and the house debated in secret until half past 3, when the house adjourned.

BY PERMISSION.

For One NIGHT Only.

ALEXANDRIA THEATRE.

On Saturday Evening, Jan. 11, 1806.

Mr St. AUBIN, respectfully informs the *Citizens of alexandria*, that he intends to exhibit

A GRAND DISPLAY
OF
FIRE-WORKS.
And *INDIAN DANCE*,

By a party of Savages of the Missouri Nations, lately arrived in the City of Washington.

Eight Sky Rockets will ascend to announce the commencement of

THE CONCERT,

Composed by a Full Band of GOOD MUSICIANS, from the City of Washington.

End of the CONCERT, *the*

Grand Indian WAR DANCE,

By Fourteen *Savage Chiefs and a young Prince*, of the Missouri nations; also, a variety of other Dances, such as are customary on extraordinary occasions in their nations.

After which will be Exhibited,
A DISPLAY OF
GRAND FIRE-WORKS.

I. A WHIRLING SUN, representing at times, cloudy, bright, and different colours

II. An elegant piece, called the BATTLE OF BUTTERFLIES, which changes into an ed fice, then into four brilliant Suns.

III. THE GRAND CROSS OF MALTA, with a Venetian Flower in the middle.

IV. A large ECLIPSE, representing at times the Sun and Moon, with great brilliancy.

V. A piece called the Ladies' Fancy, by the variety of its turns—viewed horizontally.

VI. To conclude with a splendid SUN of various colours, adorned in the centre with a bright Flower, which revolves with great velocity, and ends in a dazzling brilliancy.

ADMITTANCE. BOX One Dollar.——PIT Seventy-five Cents.——GALLERY Fifty Cents.

☞ *Stoves will be placed in the Lobbies for the accommodation of the Audience.*

*** *Doors to be opened at half past FIVE, and the performance to commence at half past SIX o'clock.*

†‡† *Tickets to be had at the office in the Front of the House——No Money will be received at the Ticket or Check Door.*

January 10.

NEGROES TO HIRE,

AMONG WHICH ARE—

A GOOD blacksmith, two young women, house servants, one woman with a young child, one young girl about 14 years old, and one young man a laborer. For terms apply to the Printer.

January 10. 3tawtf

NOTICE.

I hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of a bond given by me some time in the year 1796, or '97 to SAMUEL ROBERTS, it having been given by me to the said Roberts, in consideration of a parcel of land in Fairfax county, which land was not conveyed to me, by reason of the death of the said Roberts, and is now in the possession of the widow of said Roberts or his administrator.

Henry Peak.

Prince William, 4th Jan. 1806.

N. B. The bond is said to be in the hands of a Mr. *Wren*, who is administrator of Robert's estate. H. P.

Jan. 9. 3tp.

TO RENT,

The Dwelling HOUSE at present occupied by William Sanford—The house is commodious and handsomely situated, with every necessary out house, and has a handsome garden in high cultivation. Apply to

Mr. Thomas Preston, or
Thomas Sanford.

October 25. d6t.eo

FOR SALE,

A valuable NEGRO MAN,

About 35 years of age. Apply to the Printer.

November 29. eo.

☞ A few copies of the *American Gardner*, may be had at the Book Store of Robert Gray.

FAXON, METCALF & CO.

Have received by the late arrivals from BOSTON, *and offer to sale,*

36 barrels New-England Rum,
24 barrels (full weight) Mackarel,
1 tierce Farmer's Oil,
189 Reams Wrapping Paper.

And a general assortment of Shoes, which will be opened immediately and disposed of on reasonable terms.

ALSO ON HAND,

6 pipes Holland Gin,
4 pipes French Brandy,
40 barrels Boston Pork,
Few hogsheads and barrels Molasses, and
730 Tile.

Cash will be given for CORN AND RYE, apply as above.

JOHN WATTS,

Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. JOHN JANNEY's, has received via Baltimore,

A Handsome assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Which he will sell low for cash, or on short credit, to punctual customers.

Superfine Cloths and Cassimers,
Winsor Velveteen,
Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waistcoating,
Fancy Moleskins and Florentines,
Silk Plush and Velvets,
Sewing Silk, Twist and Thread,
Leno and Dragoona Mull Cloaks,
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hose,
Do. do. do. Gloves,
Do. do, Spun do.
Do. York Fan and Doe-skin do.
Ladies' White and Black Hose,
Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts,
Do. do. Wash Leather & Riding Gloves,
Sattins, Lutestrings and Persians,
Lutestring and Sattin Ribbons,
Laces and Edgings,
London Hats.
Rose and Duffil Blankets,
Silk Rugs and Caddows,
Carpets and Carpeting,
German Osnabrigs,
Dowlasses and Bedticking,
Silk and Cotton Suspenders,
Imperial and Young Hyson Teas,
Clover Seed and Seine Twine, &c, &c.

Oct 21 eod.

Centreville Academy.

ON the 2d day of January next, an ACADEMY will be opened in this place for the reception of Students, under the direction of the Reverend Mr. SNYDER, assisted by one or more Ushers.

This Gentleman has conducted different Academies for the space of several years past, with great credit: his deportment is consonant to his station, and to the accomplishments of a scholar he adds the happy facility of exciting in his pupils the symptoms of literary genius, and to cultivate their mental improvements.

In this institution will be taught the Latin and Greek Languages: the English language grammatically: Geography, History, Elocution; the various branches of the Mathematics Writing; Arithmetic and Book-keeping.

There are few places in our country more advantageously situated for an institution of this nature, than this—Its situation is very elevated and the air salubrious; and in the centre of a remarkably healthy neighborhood; the necessaries of life are cheap and may easily be procured. The strictest attention will be paid to the morals of the Students both in and out of school.

The terms of tuition will be; for the Latin and Greek languages, including Geography, &c 25 dollars; for the Mathematics 20 dollars Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, 14 dollar per annum, paid quarterly in advance. A small contribution will be required from each pupil for the purchase of fire-wood.

Centreville, Dec. 14. 2aw3ms

Boarding-House Opened

By the Subscriber, in Prince-street,

In the house lately occupied by *Thomas Patton*, between the dwelling house of *Dr. Dick* and Mr. *Hodgson's* store—where a few genteel boarders may be accommodated—with or without lodging. Apply to

William King.

November 1. eotf

JUST PUBLISHED,

BY COTTOM AND STEWART,

(*Price one Dollar.*)

A new edition with modern improvements on the

ART OF COOKERY,

MADE PLAIN AND EASY

By Mrs. GLASS.

1st. Containing directions how to roast, boil and dress to perfection, every thing necessary to be sent up to table.

2d. Directions for Soups, Broths, Puddings, Pies, Gravies, Sauces, Hashes, Fricassees, Ragouts, Pickling, Cakes, Jellies, Preserving, &c. &c. With a modern bill of fare for every month in the year.

There is no work on this subject more complete than the above. It is also the most modern as the Edition from which this was taken, was published in London, May 1804, and contains all the improvements in the art up to that time, leaving out many superfluous dishes, and substituting others more useful.

December 20. d

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro Girl from 12 to 14 years of age—*Apply to the* PRINTER.

November 12.

Valuable Lands and Negroes

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber desirous of disposing of his distant property, so as to bring his affairs more within his reach and management, offers for sale the following lands and negroes, at prices so reduced as to claim the attention of persons wishing to invest money in such property, viz.

CHATHAM, that elegant and highly improved seat on the banks of the Rappahannock River, directly opposite the town of Fredericksburg, containing about eleven hundred acres, four hundred of which are in wood, and valuable timber, the rest in cultivation, and pleasure grounds—The land in tillage is level, a considerable part of it has been highly manured, and the whole of it well adapted to the culture of grass, small grain, and Indian corn, as the crop now growing will attest. The house and offices are of brick, and on a large and handsome scale, with a garden in front containing four acres, laid off with taste and well planted with the choicest fruit trees, now in full bearing, and ornamented with forest trees and shrubs of almost every description.—There is on the estate adjoining the river, a grist-mill built of free Stone, containing the modern machinery and two pair of stones, one of them French Burrs—It commands a large country custom, is well situated for merchant business, and has rented for five hundred dollars per annum exclusive of all the grain of the farm hopper free, which is equal to three hundred dollars more,—There are all necessary out houses, for either convenience or luxury, such as ice-house, spring-house, barn, stable, offices, &c. &c. With all these advantages and expensive improvements, this property is offered at a price which the *lands alone* ought to command. There are also some valuable fisheries, and quarries of free stone on this estate.

Also a tract of land generally called Clark's, about two miles below Chatham, on the north bank of the Rappahannock river, and within view of the town of Fredericksburgh, containing upwards of four hundred acres. About one hundred and twenty acres of this tract is Rappahannock river bottom in cultivation, and is well adapted to Indian corn, small grain, &c. the residue is in wood, surrounding a height, which furnishes a beautiful scite for building.

Also, a tract of land in Stafford county, adjoining Stafford court house, containing upwards of twelve hundred acres. This is good farming land, and has several tenants on it.

Also, a tract of land in Westmoreland and Richmond counties, containing upwards of two thousand acres, on which there are also several tenants. These two last mentioned tracts of land will be sold in small tenements, or in entire tracts, as may best suit the wishes of purchasers.

Also, a tract of land called Boyd's Hole, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, on the banks of the Potomac, in King George county, on which there are a comfortable dwelling house, store and tobacco inspection ware house. Few situations combine more advantages, it being an excellent stand for a store, ferry and tavern, the two first of which are at present kept there. The houses have lately been put in good repair, and the *buildings alone* will rent for three hundred dollars a year. The land is good in quality, and the situation abounds in fish, oysters and wild fowl.

Also, a valuable Scite for a Mill, with 50 acres of Land adjoining, in King-George county, and not far distant from the last mentioned tract. There has been a mill here for many years which has lately gone to decay, the dam is substantial and entire, and the situation for a country mill not equalled in that neighborhood, commanding a very extensive custom; the land is covered with cedar, which alone renders it very valuable.

Also, several Lots and Houses in the town of Fredericksburgh.

Likewise, about *two hundred and thirty* NEGROES, of different ages, sizes and description. A sale of them by families will be preferred; to effect this they will be offered at a reduced price. As a part of these Negroes are at present attached to the Chatham estate, the purchaser of that property may be accommodated with any number of them, as well as stock of every description.

Bank Stock of any of the Banks in Virginia, Maryland, or the district of Columbia, will be received in payment for any part of this property at a fair price, and bargains will be given, as the subscriber unable to attend to property so distant, is anxious to convert it into stock.

He will also *rent* a number of FARMS on his Ravensworth estate, containing from 2 to 400 acres each, on encouraging terms, to good farmers. They lay from eight to ten miles distant from Alexandria, George-Town, and the City of Washington, and convenient to the turnpike road now building from Alexandria to the upper country.

William Fitzhugh.

October 10. law

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, by COTTOM *and* STEWART, *and for Sale, at their Store.*

[PRICE ONE DOLLAR 75 CENTS.]

Fleetwood:

OR

The NEW MAN OF FEELING.

BY WILLIAM GODWIN.

September 18. d

VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINES.

Just received direct from the Patentees, and *FOR SALE BY*

JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.

DRUGGIST;

The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomachel Bitters.

PREPARED BY

THOMAS H. RAWSON,

Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for restoring weak and decayed constitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as *intermittant Fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dysenteries, &c.* They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superceded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham Billious Pills.

THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, bespeak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, Jaundice, Head Aacks, Dysenteries, Billious Cholic, Costiveness, Female complaints, &c.*

The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe application for that disagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 42 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti Billious Pills,

or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem of which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, headachs, dizziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysentries, diarrhœas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle—price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste,

For the scurvy in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir;

Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood, and all diseases of the *lungs*. Its merits stands unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few handsome Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials, Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogsheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flaxseed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms or cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

☞ A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen.

March 27. 2aw

JUST RECEIVED

And for Sale by the SUBSCRIBER.

22 hhds. Brimstone,
12 casks Linseed-Oil,
2 cases Cantharides,

ALSO

30 casks first quality Cheese.

JOHN G. LADD.

Jan. 9. dtf.

NOTICE.

IN the case of *Alexander Henderson*, junior, who is now in confinement in the prison-rules of the county of Alexandria, at the suit of sundry creditors of the said Alexander Henderson and John M'Pherson and Co. in New-York: It is ordered, that the consideration of his application to be admitted to the benefit of the act of Congress for the relief of insolvent debtors within the district of Columbia, be adjourned until Saturday the eighteenth of this month. Notice is therefore hereby given, to the creditors of the said Henderson and of John M'Pherson and Co. that, at ten o'clock of the forenoon of that day, at the court-house of Alexandria county, the oath of an insolvent debtor will be admitted to the said Henderson, and a trustee appointed agreeable to the said act of Congress, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

N. Fitzhugh.

Jannary 6, 1806. d

NOTICE.

THOSE Citizens who are yet in arrear on account of Corporation Taxes, are earnestly requested to pay up the same, otherways I shall be under the disagreeable necessity of enforcing payment by distress, agreeable to a late order of Council.

George Drinker, *Collector,*

January 6. 1806. d1w

N. B. As I shall be absent from town for a few days, I have empowered *Robert Abercrombie* to collect and give receipts during my absence.

PUBLIC SALE.

On MONDAY, the second day of February, 1806, will be sold, on the premises,

A TRACT of LAND, situate on the Potomack, in the county of King George, adjoining Hooe's ferry, containing 356 acres.—On this land is an excellent landing for a fishery, a salt marsh of about 40 acres, from which immense quantities of hay may be cut, and furnishes the best fowling ground of any part of the Potomack in the vicinity. A considerable proportion of the land is in wood, and the arable land on the river is intermixed with shell, which adapts it well to the culture of corn, wheat, tobacco, or cotton.—The terms are, one half in hand, or approved bonds on demand; the remainder in twelve months with interest. A deed of trust will be required to secure the payment of the purchase money.

Gerard Alexander.

December 14. law6t

This is to give Notice.

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court, of the said county, in the district of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of *John Bowling*, late of the said county deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the first day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Elizabeth Bowling.

December 7. 2aw6w

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria,

THAT a dividend of four per cent. on the capital stock of said Bank, for the half year, ending this day, is declared, and will be ready to be paid to them or their representatives, on Thursday next, the 9th instant.

By order of the President and Directors,

Gurdin Chapin, *Cashier.*

January 6. 3taw4w

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by the Subscriber,

100 ps. brown Russia Sheetings } Entitled to
100 do. Ravens Duck } Duk. on Imp.
3 bales German Ticklenburgs
50 bolts Russia Duck
100 barrels Boston Beef
30 do. Tanners Oil
400 casks Stone Lime
100 boxes mould and dipt Tallow Candles
6 pipes old real Cognac Brandy
West India and New England Rum
And a quantity of Mens, Womens and Childrens SHOES.

John G. Ladd.

November 16. d

KILN-DRIED MEAL.

200 barrels of Corn Meal, well dried, and in nice shipping order. Apply to MORDECAI MILLER.

December 9.

PRINTED DAILY
BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.